

Section 1: Identification

1.1 Product Identifier

Product Name : Fellowes Duster 10 oz. (284 g)

Fellowes Item Number : 99790

1.2 Relevant Identified Uses of the Substance or Mixture and Uses Advised Against

Use of the substance/mixture : Aerosol Duster

1.3 Details of the Supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

Company : Fellowes, Inc

Address : 1789 Norwood Avenue

Itasca, IL 60143-1095

USA

Telephone : 630.893.1600

Fax : 630.893.1648

Toll Free : 800.945.4545

Website : fellowes.com

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) Identification

2.1 Classification of the Substance or Mixture

Classification (GHS-US)

Liquefied Gas H280

Full Text of H-phrases: see section 16

2.2 Label Elements

GHS-US Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)



Signal Word (GHS-US) : Warning

Hazard Statements (GHS-US) : H280 – Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US) : P410+P403 – Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place

P251 – Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use

P410+P412 – Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50° C / 122°F



2.3 Other Hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification

: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Intentional misuse and inhalation abuse may cause cardiac or central nervous systems effects. Warning. May cause frostbite in contact with skin. (Liquid form can be ejected if the aerosol can is not held upright during use.) Warning. Asphyxiant in high concentrations.

SECTION 3: Composition / Information On Ingredients

3.1 Substance

Name : 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane

CAS No. : 811-97-2

EINECS No. : 212-377-0

Name	Product Identifier	Maximum Weight	Classification (GHS-US)
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane	(CAS No.) 811-97-2	>99	Liquefied Gas, H280

SECTION 4: First-Aid Measures

4.1 Description of First Aid Measures

First-aid measures general : Check the vital functions. Unconscious: maintain adequate airway and respiration. Respiratory arrest:

artificial respiration or oxygen. Cardiac arrest: perform resuscitation. Victim conscious with labored breathing: half-seated. Victim shock: on his back with legs slightly raised. Vomiting: prevent asphyxia/aspiration pneumonia. Prevent cooling by covering the victim (no warming up). Keep watching the victim. Give psychological aid. Keep the victim calm, avoid physical strain. Depending

on the victim's condition: doctor/hospital.

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove the victim into fresh air. Respiratory problems: consult a doctor/medical service.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Rinse with water. Take victim to a doctor if irritation persists. In case of frostbites: Wash

immediately with lots of water (15 minutes)/shower. Do not apply (chemical) neutralizing agents. Remove clothing while washing. Do not remove clothing if it sticks to the skin. Cover wounds with sterile bandage. Consult a doctor/medical service. If burned surface >10%: take victim to hospital.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rise immediately with plenty of water for 15 minutes. Do not apply neutralizing agents. Take victim

to an ophthalmologist.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Not applicable.



4.2 Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both Acute and Delayed

: Not expected to present a significant hazard under anticipated conditions of normal use. Symptoms/injuries

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation : EXPOSURE TO HIGH CONCENTRATIONS: Accelerated heart action. Disturbances of heart rate.

Coordination disorders. Feeling of weakness. Respiratory difficulties. Vomiting. Nausea.

Disturbances of consciousness. Risk of lung oedema. Respiratory collapse.

: Red skin. Blisters. Frostbites. Symptoms/injuries after skin contact

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : Not applicable.

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : Not applicable.

Chronic symptoms : No effects known.

4.3 Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

No additional information available

SECTION 5: Fire-Fighting Measures

5.1 **Extinguishing Media**

Suitable extinguishing media : EXTINGUISHING MEDIA FOR SURROUNDING FIRES: Adapt extinguishing media to the

Environment.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : No unsuitable extinguishing media known.

5.2 Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

: DIRECT FIRE HAZARD. Non combustible Fire hazard

Explosion hazard : INDIRECT EXPLOSION HAZARD. Heat may cause pressure rise in tanks/drums: explosion risk.

Reactivity : On burning: release of toxic and corrosive gases/vapors (hydrofluoric acid, carbon monoxide –

carbon dioxide, carbonylfluoride). Reacts with (some) acids.

5.3 **Advice For Firefighters**

Precautionary measures fire : Exposure to fire/heat: consider evacuation.

: Cool tanks/drums with water spray/remove them into safety. Physical explosion risk: cool from Firefighting instructions

behind cover. Do not move the load if exposed to heat. After cooling: persistent risk of physical

explosion. Dilute toxic gases with water spray.

Protection during firefighting : Heat/fire exposure: compressed air/oxygen apparatus.

Other information : NFPA Aerosol Level 1.



SECTION 6: Accidental Release Measures

6.1 Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

6.1.1 For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective equipment : Insulating gloves. Protective clothing. Large spills/in enclosed spaces: compressed air apparatus.

Emergency procedures : Keep upwind. Mark the danger area. Seal off low-laying areas. Close doors and windows of adjacent

premises. No naked flames. Carry out specific temperature controls. Wash contaminated cloths.

large spills/in confined spaces: consider evacuation.

6.1.2 For Emergency Responders

Protective Equipment : Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency procedures : Ventilate area.

6.2 Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

6.3 Methods and Materials for containment and Clean Up

For containment : Contain released substance, pump into suitable containers. Plug the leak, cut off the supply. Tip the

container on one side to stop the leakage. Do not spray water on unheated tank walls.

Methods for cleaning up : Damaged/cooled tanks must be emptied.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

SECTION 7: Handling and Storage

7.1 Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional hazards when processed : Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Precautions for safe handling : Comply with the legal requirements. Handle and open the container with care. Thoroughly clean/dry

the installation before use. Keep away from naked flames/heat. Observe normal hygiene standards. Carry operations in the open/under local exhaust/ventilation or with respiratory protection. Measure

the oxygen concentration in the air.

Hygiene measures : Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and

when leaving work. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.



7.2 Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical measures : Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage conditions : Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep container closed when not in

use.

Incompatible products : Strong bases. Strong acids.

Incompatible materials : Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight.

Storage temperature : $<50^{\circ}$ C

Heat-ignition : KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: heat sources.

Prohibitions on mixed storage : KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: (strong) acids.

Storage area : Store in a cool area. Keep out of direct sunlight. Ventilation at floor level. Aboveground. Meet the

legal requirements.

Special rules on packaging : SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS: with pressure relief valve, clean, correctly labelled, meet the legal

requirements.

Packaging materials : SUITABLE MATERIAL: No data available. MATERIAL TO AVOID: No data available.

7.3 Special End Use(s)

Follow label directions.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

8.1 Exposure Controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Local exhaust ventilation, vent hoods.

Personal protective equipment : Gloves. Safety glasses. Avoid all unnecessary exposure.



Materials for protective clothing : GIVE GOOD RESISTANCE: neoprene, nitrile rubber, butyl rubber.

Hand protection : Insulated gloves.

Eye protection : Safety glasses. Chemical goggles or safety glasses.

Skin and body protection : Protective clothing. Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory protection : High vapour/gas concentration: self-contained respirator.

Other information : Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.



SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1 Information On Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical state : Gas

Appearance : Gas

Molecular mass : 102.03 g/mol

Color : Colorless

Odor : Ether-like odor

Odor threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

Relative evaporation rate

(butyl acetate=1)

: No data available

Melting point : -101° C

Freezing point : No data available

Boiling point : -26° C

Flash point : No data available

Critical temperature : 101° C

Auto-ignition temperature : >743° C Decomposition temperature : 368° C

Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available

Vapor pressure : 6661 hPa @ 25° C

Vapor pressure at 50° C : 13190 hPa

Critical pressure : 40560 hPa

Relative vapor density at 20° C : <3.52 @ 20° C

Relative density : $1.2 @ -27^{\circ} C$

Specific gravity / density : 1206 kg/m³ @ -27° C

Solubility : Poorly soluble in water. Soluble in ethanol. Soluble in ether. Soluble in hexane.

Water: 0.15 g/100ml @ 25° C

Log Pow : 1.06 (OECD 107: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water): Shake Flask Method)

Log Kow : No date available

Viscosity, kinematic : No date available

Viscosity, dynamic : No date available

Explosive properties : No date available



Oxidizing properties : No date available

Explosive limits : No date available

9.2 Other information

VOC content : 0%

Other properties : Gas/vapour heavier than air at 20° C. Substance has neutral reaction. May generate electrostatic

charges.

SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

On burning: release of toxic and corrosive gases/vapors (hydrofluoric acid, carbon monoxide – carbon dioxide, carbonyfluoride). Reacts with (some) acids.

10.2 Chemical Stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Not established.

10.4 Conditions To Avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures.

10.5 Incompatible Materials

Strong acids. Strong bases.

10.6 Hazardous Decomposition Products

Toxic fume. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.

SECTION 11: Toxicological Information

11.1 Information On Toxicological Effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified

FELLOWES AIR DUSTER R134A CANS 10 OZ. (\f)811-97-2	
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	>2000 mg/l/4h (Rat; Literature study)
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	>259300 ppm/4h (Rat; Literature study)

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified

Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified

Respiratory or skin sensitization : Not classified

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified



Carcinogenicity : Not classified

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity

(single exposure)

: Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity

(repeated exposure)

: Not classified

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

Potential adverse human health effects

and symptoms

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation : EXPOSURE TO HIGH CONCENTATIONS: Accelerated heart action. Disturbance of heart rate.

Coordination disorders. Feeling of weakness. Respiratory difficulties. Vomiting. Nausea.

Disturbance of consciousness. Risk of lung oedema. Respiratory collapse.

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact : Red skin. Blisters. Frostbites.

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : Not applicable

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : Not applicable

Chronic symptoms No effects known.

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

12.1 Toxicity

Ecology – general : No environmental hazard.

Ecology – air : Not classified as dangerous for the ozone layer (Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009). Included in the list of

substances which may contribute to the greenhouse effect (Regulation (EC) No 842/2006). TA-Luft

Klasse 5.2.5.

Ecology - water : Mild water pollutant (surface water). Maximum concentration in drinking water: 1.5 mg/l (fluoride)

(Directive 98/83/EC). Slightly harmful to fishes (LC50 (96h) 100-1000 mg/l). Slightly harmful to

invertebrates (Daphnia) (EC50 (48h): 100-1000 mg/l).

FELLOWES AIR DUSTER R134A CANS 10 OZ. (811-97-2)	
LC50 fish 1	450 mg/l 96 h; Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss)
EC50 Daphnia 1	980 mg/l (48 h; Daphnia magna

12.2 Persistence and Degradability

FELLOWES AIR DUSTER R134A CANS 10 OZ. (811-97-2)	
Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable in water



12.3 Bioaccumulative Potential

FELLOWES AIR DUSTER R134A CANS 10 OZ. (811-97-2)	
BCF other aquatic organisms 1	5 – 58 (Estimated value)
Log Pow	1.06 (OECD 107: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water): Shake Flask Method)
Bioaccumulative	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).

12.4 Mobility In Soil

No additional information available.

12.5 Other Adverse Effects

Other information : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations

13.1 Waste Treatment Methods

Waste disposal recommendations : Remove waste in accordance with local and/or national regulations. Hazardous waste shall not be mixed

together with other waste. Different types of hazardous waste shall not be mixed together if this may entail a risk of pollution or create problems for the further management of the waste. Hazardous waste shall be managed responsibly. All entities that store, transport or handle hazardous waste shall take the necessary measures to prevent risks of pollution or damage to people or animals. Refer to manufacturer/

supplier for information on recovery/recycling.

Additional information : LWCA (the Netherlands): KGA category 06. Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC

Ecology – waste materials : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

In accordance with ADR / RID / IMDG / IATA / ADN

US DOT (ground): UN1950, Aerosols, non-flammable, 2.2, Limited Quantity

ICAO/IATA (air): UN1950, Aerosols, non-flammable, 2.2, Limited Quantity

IMO/IMDG (water): UN1950, Aerosols, non-flammable, 2.2, Limited Quantity

Special Provisions: DOT-SP 10232: In accordance with this special permit, the product container is marked with DOT-SP10232 instead of 2Q.

This package is approved for shipping as a Consumer Commodity.

14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Aerosol, non-flammable

Non-flammable, (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)

Department of Transportation (DOT)

Hazard Classes

: 2.2 – Class 2.2 – Non-flammable compressed gas 49 CFR 173.115

Hazard Labels (DOT) : 2.2 – Non-flammable gas



DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)

: DOT-SP 10232: In accordance with this special permit, the product container is marked with DOT-SP 10232 instead of 2Q. This packaging is approved for shipping as a Consumer

Commodity.

DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)

DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)

: 306

: None

: None

14.3 **Additional Information**

Other information : No supplementary information available.

Overland Transport

Class (ADR) : 2 - Gases

Hazard identification number (Kemler No.) : 20

Classification code (ADR) : 2A

Hazard label (ADR) : 2.2 - Non-flammable compressed gas



Orange plates

: C/E

Tunnel restriction code (ADR)

Transport By Sea

: A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger **DOT Vessel Stowage Location** vessel.

DOT Vessel Stowage Other

: 48 - Stow "away from" source of heat, 87 - Stow "separated from" Class 1 (explosives) except

Division 14, 126 – Segregation same as for Class 9, miscellaneous hazardous materials.

: F-C

EmS-No. (1)

: S-V

EmS-No. (2)

Air Transport

: 75 kg

DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger



aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27)

: 150 kg

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75)

SECTION 15: Regulatory Information

15.1 US Federal Regulations

FELLOWES AIR DUSTER R134A CANS 10 OZ. (811-97-2)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substance Control Act) inventory		
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes Sudden release of pressure hazard Immediate (acute) health hazard		

15.2 International Regulations

Canada

FELLOWES AIR DUSTER R134A CANS 10 OZ. (811-97-2)	
WHMIS Classification	Class A – Compressed Gas

EU – Regulations

No additional information available

Classification According to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Press. Gas

Full text of H-phases: see section 16

Classification According to Directive 67/548/EEC [DSD] or 1999/45/EC [DPD]

Not classified

15.2.2 National Regulations

No additional information available

15.3 US State Regulations

No additional information available

SECTION 16: Other Information

Other information : None

Full text of H-phases: see section 16:

Liquefied gas	Gases under pressure Liquefied gas
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated



NFPA health hazard : 1 – Exposure could cause irritation but only minor residual injury

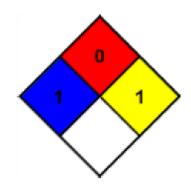
even if no treatment is given.

NFPA fire hazard : 0 – Materials that will not burn.

NFPA reactivity : 1 – Normally stable, but can become unstable at elevated temperatures

and pressures or may react with water with some release of energy,

but not violently.



HMIS III Rating

Health : 1 Slight Hazard – Irritation or minor reversible injury possible

Flammability : 0 Minimal Hazard

Physical : 1 Slight Hazard

Personal Protection : B

The information contained in the Safety Data Sheet is believed to be correct and used as a guide.